#### Project CHEER

#### Community Health Education and Exercise Resources Improving Cardiovascular & Overall Health through Nutrition & Physical Fitness Community Programming for Individuals with Disabilities

Division of Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities University of Kentucky Human Development Institute Centers for Disease Control and Prevention The purpose of project CHEER is to address and ameliorate startling health disparities among individuals with cognitive and mobility limitations diagnosed with hypertension or at-risk for the development hypertension.

## What is **CHEER** going to do?

Provide interactive educational opportunities to enhance self-advocacy and empowerment to

make healthy lifestyle choices through improved

nutritional choices, physical fitness activities, and

community relationship building.

### What is **CHEER** going to do?



## Project CHEER Timeline

	Year 2		
- Needs assessment/ Literature review - Developing & expanding partnerships		Year 3	
	<ul> <li>Resource development</li> <li>Pilot and evaluate resources created</li> <li>Recruit participating community organizations</li> </ul>	- Implement Programming - Continue resource development based on identified needs from programming feedback	- Expand number of participating organizations - Work on sustainability efforts - Resources created made available as best practices

## **CHEER** Year 1 Objectives

- Increase the number of advisor committee members from 0 to 12.
- Increase the number of developed promotional products that raise
   awareness of how Project CHEER will address those needs from 0 to 3.
  - This presentation is an example of a product

## **CHEER** Year 1 Objectives

- Increase the number of partnerships with key agencies/institutions from 0 to 5.
- Increase the number of supplemental resources for HealthMatters KY from 0 to 5.
  - We added 9 inclusive health promotion resources to the wellness website in year 1 that are currently in the process of being piloted

## **CHEER** Year 2 Objectives

- Increase the number of advisory meetings from 1 to 3.
- Increase the number of collaborative activities from 0 to 3.
- Increase the the number of recruited participant sites from 0 to 2.
- ✓ Increase the number of supplemental resources for HealthMatters KY to 11.
- Increase the number of trained Department of Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities Nurse Facilitators from 0 to 5.

## **CHEER** Advisory Group

Goals:

- Provide support to the Project CHEER leadership team
- Help empower Kentuckians with disabilities to make healthy lifestyle choices that reduce negative health outcomes

Roles and Responsibilities:

- Attend quarterly Advisory Group meetings
- Provide input on project resources and tools
- Provide guidance on how to offer health programming throughout the state
- Serve as a positive role model and champion for good health in Kentucky

### Why does CHEER matter?

#### **Disability Impacts ALL of US**

Each of us may experience a disability in our lifetime.

#### A Snapshot of Disability in Kentucky



Despite progress, people with disabilities in Kentucky and across the country continue to face significant social and health disparities.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) supports research and programs to include people with disabilities in disease prevention, health promotion and emergency response activities, while working to eliminate barriers to health care and improve access to routine preventive services.

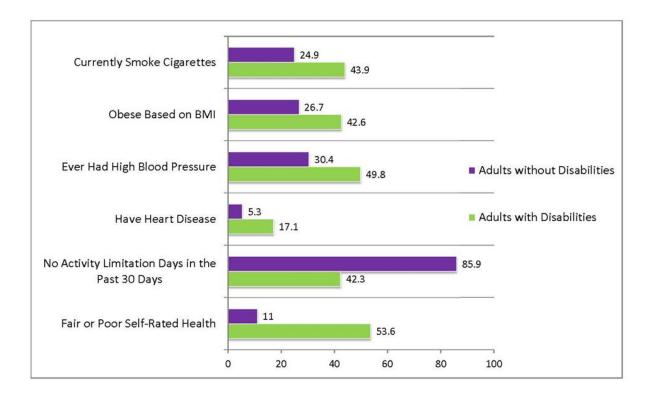


Adults with Disabilities are more likely to:

www.cdc.gov/disabilities (2015)

## Why does **CHEER** matter?

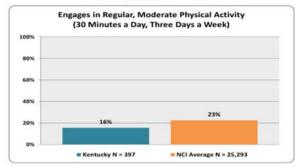
CDC Disability and Health Data System: Kentucky Data



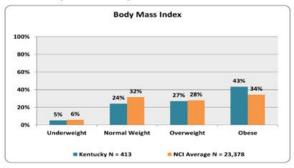
### Why does **CHEER** matter?

#### 2014-2015 KENTUCKY'S NATIONAL CORE INDICATORS DATA

#### **GRAPH 95. ENGAGES IN REGULAR, MODERATE PHYSICAL ACTIVITY**







This graph illustrates that 16% of respondents from Kentucky and 23% across NCI states were reported to engage in moderate physical activity at least 30 minutes a day three days a week.

States ranged from 7% to 37%.

This graph illustrates that respondents from Kentucky and across NCI states fall into the following BMI categories, respectively: 5% and 6% underweight, 24% and 32% within a normal weight, 27% and 28% overweight, and 43% and 34% obese.

States ranged from 3% to 22% underweight; 23% to 39% normal weight; 23% to 32% overweight; and 22% to 45% obese.

### Why Do We Need CHEER ?

- Individuals with developmental and intellectual disabilities (ID) are at a heightened risk for high blood pressure<sup>1</sup>
  - Especially true in adults
- Health issues could be due to higher rates of; smoking, obesity and lack of daily physical activity<sup>4, 5, 6</sup>
- Specifically, the population of Kentucky, including those with disabilities, are at a greater risk for developing heart diseases



### Why Do We Need CHEER ?



- Kentucky ranks 43rd, 46th and 45th in mortality rate due to heart disease, percent of adult population with high blood pressure and physical activity, respectfully<sup>2</sup>
- Challenges facing Kentucky include:
  - Lower median income
  - Highly rural population (24% vs. 6.3%)
  - Less health resources (hospitals, primary care offices, etc.)
- Poverty has consistently been related to increased risk for poor health outcomes<sup>3</sup>

### Purpose of CHEER

- Identify, and improve upon, health and wellness based disparities facing individuals with ID
  - Specifically those with, or at risk for, HTN
- Discover an effective way to promote and implement already proven programs for those with disabilities
- Providing individuals, and their caregivers, with interactive educational materials to improve upon healthy lifestyle choices
- GOAL: lowering the elevated rate of need for blood pressure
   medications



### Healthy Harry & Unhealthy Eugene

http://www.wellness4ky.org/healthy-harry-vs-unhealthy-eugene/





## What CHEER hopes to accomplish

- Through appropriate training in nutrition and physical fitness, along with community relationship building and coaching, we hypothesize;
  - 1. Lower the need and use of blood pressure medications
  - 2. Increase in healthy blood pressure levels
  - 3. Healthy lifestyle (weight, exercise)
  - 4. Create lasting partnerships with the community



#### Methods

- 1. Identify the disparities facing those with ID, in relation to health and wellness, through national and state databases.
- 2. Locate research and educational materials reporting on the disparities identified.
- 3. Report on research that demonstrate findings which have identified methods to combat the health and wellness disparities facing those with ID.
- 4. Search for areas that have not been explored, and can be improved, regarding health and wellness for individuals with disabilities.

#### Methods

Literature and Research Resources

- Scholarly journal articles
- Academic textbooks
- Kentucky Department of Medicaid Services
- Kentucky Department of Public Health
- University of Kentucky Gill Heart
   Institute



- Community Health Inclusion Index
- National Core Indicator report
- Christopher and Dana Reeve Foundation
- National Center on Health, Physical Activity and Disability
- Healthy Athletes Initiative

Kentucky Specific Data - Areas for Improvement<sup>7</sup>

**Physical Activity** 

- Overall health
- Proportion obese, overweight, normal weight, underweight

Nutrition

- Overall health
- Tobacco usage
- Proportion obese, overweight, normal weight, underweight



**Barriers - Physical Activity** 

- Transportation<sup>8</sup>
- Limited staffing of qualified individuals
- Lack of inclusive accommodations<sup>9</sup>
- Limited exercise options<sup>10</sup>

- Caregiver involvement<sup>11</sup>
- Lifestyle threat awareness<sup>12</sup>
- Lack of energy
- Age
- Outcome expectations<sup>13</sup>



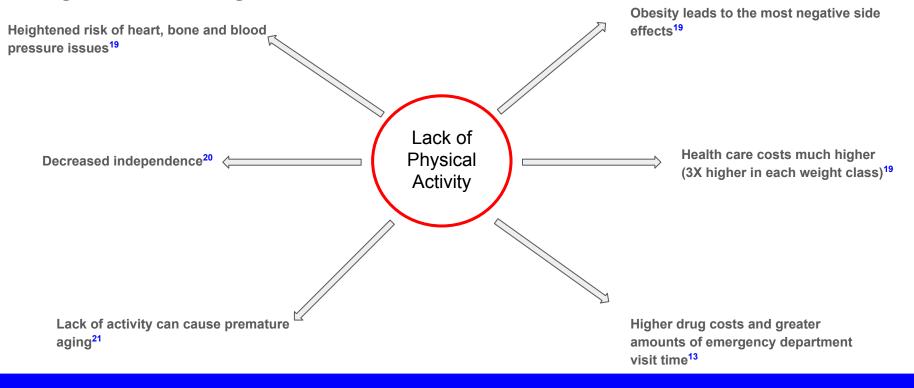
#### **Barriers - Nutrition**

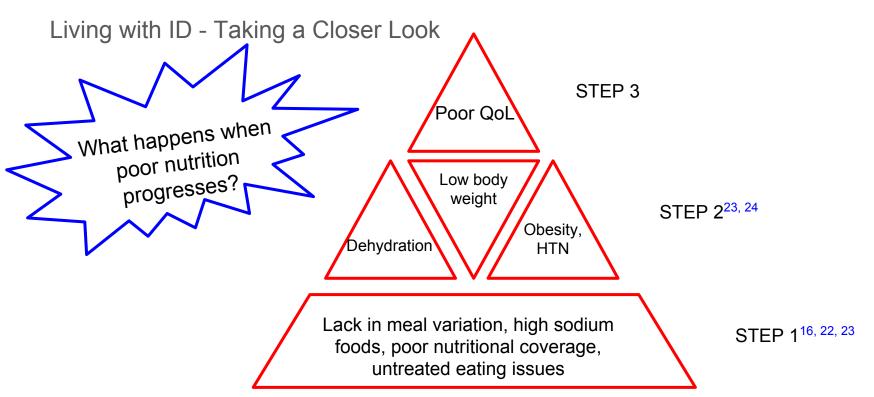
- Cooking knowledge<sup>14</sup>
- Information on healthy eating habits
- Transportation to grocery story
- Low income<sup>15</sup>
- Eating challenges<sup>16</sup>
  - $\circ$  Chewing
  - Food selectiveness
  - Medication side effects
- Caregiver responsibility<sup>17</sup>

- Meal portion size<sup>18</sup>
  - How much we eat
  - How often we eat
  - What we eat
  - How fast we eat



#### Living with ID - Taking a Closer Look





### **Plans Going Forward**

- Form an expert committee of faculty across multiple specialties
- Meet with local facilities in Kentucky, build relationships
- Find out what more successful states are doing to promote health and wellness for this specific population
- Design clear and informative health and wellness materials
- Begin design on physical activity and nutrition programs to implement within local facilities



### **Plans Going Forward**

Requirements for Each Area

Physical Activity

- Inclusive
- Easily implementable
- Proven results
- Inexpensive



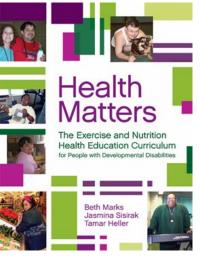
#### Nutrition

- Affordable
- Rational
- Easily understandable
- Healthy

# Health Matters: The Exercise and Nutrition Health Education Curriculum

- Evidenced-based curriculum for adults with disabilities
- Interactive and lifelong learning modules
- Understand attitudes toward health, exercise & nutrition
- Identify current behaviors
- Develop clear exercise and nutrition goals and stick to them
- Gain skills and knowledge about exercising & eating nutritious foods
- Support each other during class

Marks, Sisirak, & Heller (2010). Health Matters: The Exercise, Nutrition, and Health Education Curriculum for People With Developmental Disabilities, Brooks Publishing., p. xii





### **Current Resource Library**

#### http://www.wellness4ky.org/



"The health and wellness initiative at the Human Development Institute works to raise awareness of health disparities, while helping people with disabilities and their friends and family to stay healthy and take charge in their lifestyle choices. This website provides information on how to effectively make healthier decisions, along with highlights from current statewide health initiatives. Helpful resources include lessons, videos, activities, and tips on running effective health promotion programming for people with a variety of backgrounds, interests and needs."

Next Article



### **Friendship Salad**

#### http://www.wellness4ky.org/friendship-salad/





#### Meet the Expert Panel

- Sylvia Cerel-Suhl, MD, Sanders Brown Center on Aging, University of Kentucky
- ✓ Mark Abel, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Kinesiology, University of Kentucky
- Sandra Bastin, Ph.D., Professor & Chair, Dietetics and Human Nutrition Department, University of Kentucky
- Susan Buchino, Ph.D., OTR/L, University of Louisville
- Melinda Ickes, Ph.D. Assistant Professor in Kinesiology, University of Kentucky
- Jody Ensman, MS, Program Director of UK Health & Wellness
- Vivian Lasley-Bibbs, MPH, Acting Director and Epidemiologist, Office of Health Equity, Kentucky Department for Public Health
- Priya Chandan, MD, MPH, University of Louisville
- M. Lynn English, PT, MSEd, DPT, University of Kentucky
- Kathleen Carter Ph.D., MBA, Assistant Professor Education and Human Development University of Louisville



### **CHEER** Resource Development

Expert Panel Meeting (4/17)



Videos:

- Promote diversity: disability, age, ethnicity, geographical area
- On-site recordings (group homes, working kitchens)
- Engage with community leaders for increased buy in

Review Existing Resources:

Creation of internet based library for easier/more organized access to materials

### **CHEER** Resource Development

Expert Panel Meeting (4/17)

Utilizing students as Health Coaches:

- Expert panelists invited CHEER staff to come speak to classes
- Health coaches can increase motivation and adherence

Resource Ideas:

- Exercising with household items
- Healthy on a budget with recipes and budget strategies
  - Cost and use of leftovers
- What happens to body when you exercise (being sore is good!)



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THANK YOU!